

ATLAS D UNIT



CE

IT - ISTRUZIONE PER L'USO L'INSTALLAZIONE E LA MANUTENZIONE

ES - INSTRUCCIONES DE USO, INSTALACIÓN Y MANTENIMIENTO

TR - KULLANMA, KURULUM VE BAKIM TALIMATLARI

EN - INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE

FR - INSTRUCTIONS D'UTILISATION, D'INSTALLATION ET D'ENTRETIEN

GR - ΟΔΗΓΙΕΣ ΧΡΗΣΗΣ, ΕΓΚΑΤΑΣΤΑΣΗΣ ΚΑΙ ΣΥΝΤΗΡΗΣΗΣ

NL - AANWIJZINGEN VOOR GEBRUIK, INSTALLATIE EN ONDERHOUD

RU - РУКОВОДСТВО ПО ЭКСПЛУАТАЦИИ, МОНТАЖУ И ТЕХОБСЛУЖИВАНИЮ

EN

1. GENERAL WARNINGS

- Carefully read and follow the instructions contained in this instruction booklet.
- After boiler installation, inform the user regarding its operation and give him this manual, which is an integral and essential part of the product and must be kept with care for future reference.
- Installation and maintenance must be carried out by professionally qualified personnel, in compliance with the current regulations and according to the manufacturer's instructions. Do not carry out any operation on the sealed control parts.
- Incorrect installation or inadequate maintenance can result in damage or injury. The Manufacturer declines any liability for damage due to errors in installation and use, or failure to follow the instructions.
- Before carrying out any cleaning or maintenance operation, disconnect the unit from the electrical power supply using the switch and/or the special cut-off devices.
- In case of a fault and/or poor operation, deactivate the unit and do not try to repair it or directly intervene. Contact professionally qualified personnel. Any repair/replacement of the products must only be carried out by qualified personnel using original replacement parts. Failure to comply with the above could affect the safety of the unit.
- This unit must only be used for its intended purpose. Any other use is deemed improper and therefore hazardous.
- The packing materials are potentially hazardous and must not be left within the reach of children.
- The unit must not be used by people (including children) with limited physical, sensory or mental abilities or without experience and knowledge of it, unless instructed or supervised in its use by someone responsible for their safety.
- The unit and its accessories must be appropriately disposed of, in compliance with the current regulations.
- The images given in this manual are a simplified representation of the product. In this representation there may be slight and insignificant differences with respect to the product supplied.

2. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

2.1 Introduction

Dear Customer,

Thank you for choosing a **FERROLI** boiler featuring advanced design, cutting-edge technology, high reliability and quality construction. Please read this manual carefully since it provides important information on safe installation, use and maintenance.

ATLAS D UNIT is a high-efficiency heat generator for domestic hot water production (optional) and heating, equipped with a blown oil burner. The boiler shell consists of cast-iron elements, assembled with double cones and steel stays. The control system is with microprocessor and digital interface with advanced temperature control functions.

The boiler is arranged for connection to an external storage tank for hot water production (optional). In this manual all the functions relevant to domestic hot water production are only active with the optional hot water tank connected as indicated in sec. 3.3

2.2 Control panel

Panel

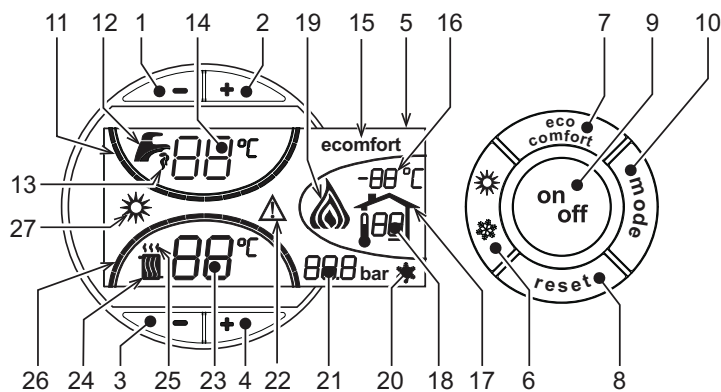


fig. 1 - Control panel

Panel key

- 1 = DHW temperature setting decrease button
- 2 = DHW temperature setting increase button
- 3 = Heating system temperature setting decrease button
- 4 = Heating system temperature setting increase button
- 5 = Display
- 6 = Summer / Winter mode selection button
- 7 = Economy / Comfort mode selection button
- 8 = Reset button
- 9 = Unit On / Off button
- 10 = "Sliding Temperature" menu button
- 11 = Set DHW temperature reached
- 12 = DHW symbol
- 13 = DHW mode
- 14 = DHW outlet temperature / setting
- 15 = Eco (Economy) or Comfort mode
- 16 = External sensor temperature (with optional external probe)

- 17 = Appears on connecting the external Probe or the Remote Timer Control (optionals)
- 18 = Room temperature (with optional Remote Timer Control)
- 19 = Burner On
- 20 = Antifreeze operation
- 21 = Heating system pressure
- 22 = Fault
- 23 = Heating delivery temperature/setting
- 24 = Heating symbol
- 25 = Heating mode
- 26 = Set heating delivery temperature reached
- 27 = Summer mode

Indication during operation

Heating

A heating demand (generated by the Room Thermostat or Remote Timer Control) is indicated by flashing of the hot air above the radiator (details 24 and 25 - fig. 1).

The heating graduation marks (detail 26 - fig. 1) light up as the heating sensor temperature reaches the set value.

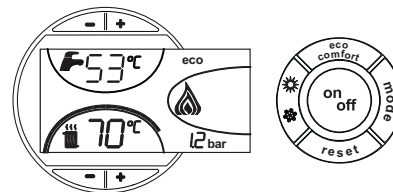


fig. 2

DHW (Comfort)

A DHW demand (generated by drawing domestic hot water) is indicated by flashing of the hot water under the tap (details 12 and 13 - fig. 1). Make sure the Comfort function (detail 15 - fig. 1) is activated

The DHW graduation marks (detail 11 - fig. 1) light up as the DHW sensor temperature reaches the set value.

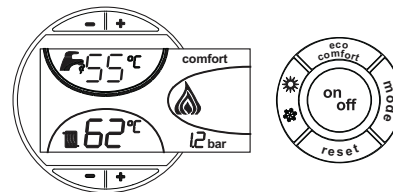


fig. 3

Exclude hot water tank (economy)

Hot water tank temperature maintaining/heating can be excluded by the user. If excluded, domestic hot water will not be delivered.

When hot water tank heating is activated (default setting), the COMFORT symbol (detail 15 - fig. 1) is activated on the display, and when off, the ECO symbol (detail 15 - fig. 1) is activated on the display

The hot water tank can be deactivated by the user (ECO mode) by pressing the eco/comfort button (detail 7 - fig. 1). To activate the COMFORT mode, press the eco/comfort button (detail 7 - fig. 1) again.

2.3 Lighting and turning off

Boiler not electrically powered

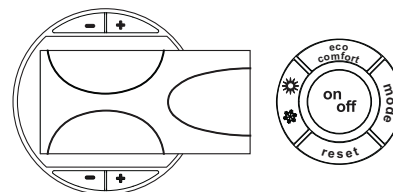


fig. 4 - Boiler not electrically powered



The antifreeze system does not work when the power and/or gas to the unit are turned off. To avoid damage caused by freezing during long idle periods in winter, it is advisable to drain all water from the boiler, DHW circuit and system; or drain just the DHW circuit and add a suitable antifreeze to the heating system, complying with that prescribed in sec. 3.3.

Boiler lighting

- Open the fuel on-off valves.
- Switch on the power to the unit.

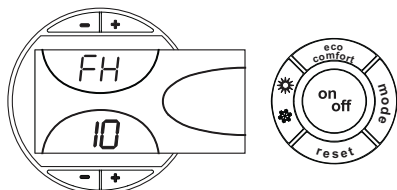


fig. 5 - Boiler lighting

- For the following 120 seconds the display will show FH which identifies the heating system air venting cycle.
- During the first 5 seconds the display will also show the card software version.
- When the message FH disappears, the boiler is ready to operate automatically whenever domestic hot water is drawn or in case of a room thermostat demand.

Turning the boiler off

Press the **on/off** button (detail 9 - fig. 1) for 1 second.

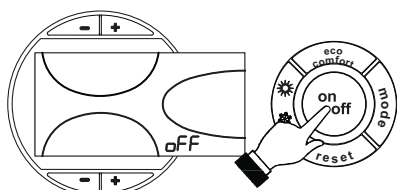


fig. 6 - Turning the boiler off

When the boiler is turned off, the PCB is still powered.

Domestic hot water and heating are disabled. The antifreeze system remains activated.

To relight the boiler, press the **on/off** button (detail 9 - fig. 1) again for 1 second.

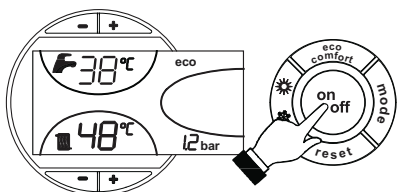


fig. 7

The boiler will be immediately ready to operate whenever domestic hot water is drawn or in case of a room thermostat demand.

2.4 Adjustments

Summer/Winter Switchover

Press the **summer/winter** button (detail 6 - fig. 1) for 1 second.

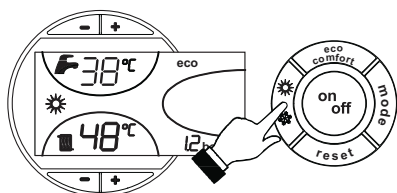


fig. 8

The display activates the Summer symbol (detail 27 - fig. 1): the boiler will only deliver domestic hot water. The antifreeze system remains activated.

To deactivate the Summer mode, press the **summer/winter** button (part. 6 - fig. 1) again for 1 second.

Heating temperature setting

Use the **heating buttons** (details 3 and 4 - fig. 1) to adjust the temperature from a min. of 30°C to a max. of 80°C.

In any case it is advisable not to operate the boiler below 45°C.

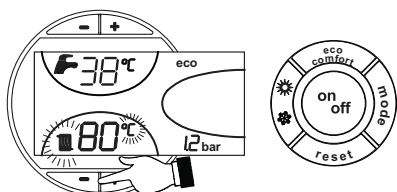


fig. 9

DHW temperature adjustment

Use the DHW buttons (details 1 and 2 - fig. 1) to adjust the temperature from a min. of 10°C to a max. of 65°C.

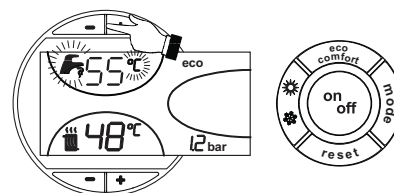


fig. 10

Room temperature adjustment (with optional room thermostat)

Using the room thermostat, set the temperature desired in the rooms. If the room thermostat is not installed the boiler will keep the heating system at its setpoint temperature.

Room temperature adjustment (with optional remote timer control)

Using the remote timer control, set the temperature desired in the rooms. The boiler unit will set the system water according to the required room temperature. For information on the remote timer control, please refer to its user's manual.

Sliding temperature

When the optional external probe is installed the control panel display (detail 5 - fig. 1) shows the actual outside temperature read by the probe. The boiler control system operates with "Sliding Temperature". In this mode, the temperature of the heating system is adjusted according to the outside weather conditions, in order to ensure high comfort and energy saving throughout the year. In particular, as the outside temperature increases, the system delivery temperature is decreased according to a specific "compensation curve".

With Sliding Temperature adjustment, the temperature set with the heating buttons (details 3 and 4 - fig. 1) becomes the maximum system delivery temperature. It is advisable to set a maximum value to allow system adjustment throughout its useful operating range.

The boiler must be adjusted at the time of installation by qualified personnel. Possible adjustments can in any case be made by the user to improve comfort.

Compensation curve and curve offset

Press the **mode** button (detail 10 - fig. 1) once to display the actual compensation curve (fig. 11), which can be modified with the **DHW buttons** (details 1 and 2 - fig. 1).

Adjust the required curve from 1 to 10 according to the characteristic (fig. 13).

By setting the curve to 0, sliding temperature adjustment is disabled.

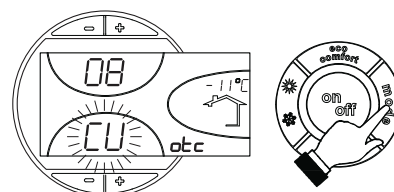


fig. 11 - Compensation curve

Press the **heating buttons** (details 3 and 4 - fig. 1) to access parallel curve offset (fig. 14), modifiable with the **DHW buttons** (details 1 and 2 - fig. 1).

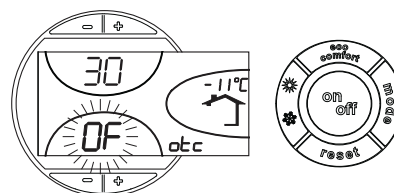


fig. 12 - Curve parallel offset

Press the **mode** button (detail 10 - fig. 1) again to exit parallel curve adjustment mode.

If the room temperature is lower than the required value, it is advisable to set a higher order curve and vice versa. Proceed by increasing or decreasing in steps of one and check the result in the room.

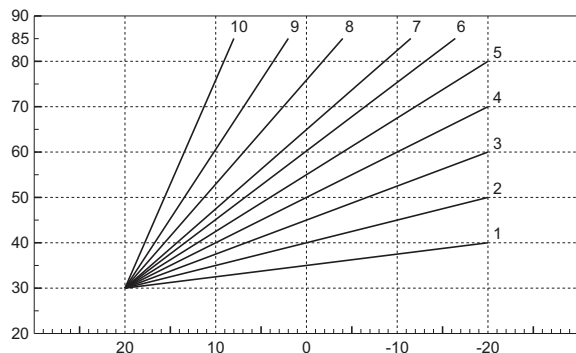


fig. 13 - Compensation curves

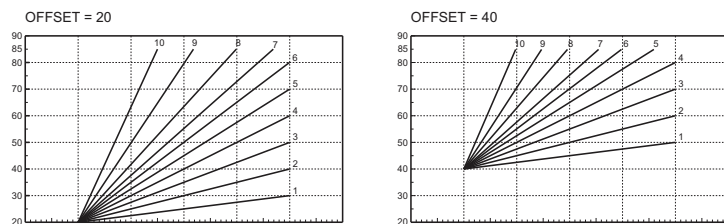


fig. 14 - Example of compensation parallel curve offset

Adjustments from Remote Timer Control

If the Remote Timer Control (optional) is connected to the boiler, the above adjustments are managed according to that given in table 1. Also, the control panel display (detail 5 - fig. 1) shows the actual room temperature detected by the Remote Timer Control.

Table. 1

Heating temperature setting	Adjustment can be made from the Remote Timer Control menu and the boiler control panel.
DHW temperature adjustment	Adjustment can be made from the Remote Timer Control menu and the boiler control panel.
Summer/Winter Switchover	Summer mode has priority over a possible Remote Timer Control heating demand.
Eco/Comfort selection	On disabling DHW from the Remote Timer Control menu, the boiler selects the Economy mode. In this condition, the button 7 - fig. 1 on the boiler panel is disabled. On enabling DHW from the Remote Timer Control menu, the boiler selects the Comfort mode. In this condition it is possible select one of the two modes with the button 7 - fig. 1 on the boiler panel.
Sliding Temperature	Both the Remote Timer Control and the boiler card manage Sliding Temperature adjustment: of the two, the Sliding Temperature of the boiler card has priority.

Water system pressure adjustment

The filling pressure with system cold, read on the display, must be approx. 1.0 bar. If the system pressure falls to values below minimum, the boiler card will activate fault F37 (fig. 15).

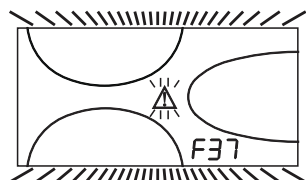


fig. 15 - Low system pressure fault

Once the system pressure is restored, the boiler will activate the 120-second air venting cycle indicated on the display by FH.

3. INSTALLATION

3.1 General Instructions

BOILER INSTALLATION MUST ONLY BE PERFORMED BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL, IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL THE INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN IN THIS TECHNICAL MANUAL, THE PROVISIONS OF CURRENT LAW, THE PRESCRIPTIONS OF NATIONAL AND LOCAL STANDARDS AND THE RULES OF PROPER WORKMANSHIP.

3.2 Place of installation

The boiler unit must be installed in a specific room with ventilation openings to the outside as prescribed by current regulations. If there are several burners or suction units that can work together in the same room, the ventilation openings must be sized for simultaneous operation of all the units. The place of installation must be free of flammable materials or objects, corrosive gases, powders or volatile substances that, conveyed by the burner fan, can obstruct the internal lines of the burner or the combustion head. The room must be dry and not exposed to rain, snow or frost.

If the unit is enclosed in a cabinet or mounted alongside, a space must be provided for removing the casing and for normal maintenance operations.

3.3 Plumbing connections

Important

The heating capacity of the unit must be previously established by calculating the building's heat requirement according to the current regulations. The system must be provided with all the components for correct and regular operation. It is advisable to install shut-off valves between the boiler and heating system allowing the boiler to be isolated from the system if necessary.

The safety valve outlet must be connected to a funnel or collection pipe to prevent water spurting onto the floor in case of overpressure in the heating circuit. Otherwise, if the discharge valve cuts in and floods the room, the boiler manufacturer cannot be held liable.

Do not use the water system pipes to earth electrical appliances.

Before installation, carefully wash all the pipes of the system to remove any residuals or impurities that could affect proper operation of the unit.

Carry out the relevant connections according to the diagram in cap. 5 and the symbols given on the unit.

Water system characteristics

In the presence of water harder than 25° Fr (1°F = 10ppm CaCO₃), use suitably treated water in order to avoid possible scaling in the boiler. Treatment must not reduce the hardness to values below 15°F (Decree 236/88 for uses of water intended for human consumption). Treatment of the water used is indispensable in case of very large systems or with frequent introduction of replenishing water in the system.

If water softeners are installed at the boiler cold water inlet, make sure not to reduce the water hardness too much, as this could cause early deterioration of the magnesium anode in the hot water tank.

Antifreeze system, antifreeze fluids, additives and inhibitors

The boiler is equipped with an antifreeze system that turns on the boiler in heating mode when the system delivery water temperature falls under 6°C. The device will not come on if the electricity and/or gas supply to the unit are cut off. If it becomes necessary, it is permissible to use antifreeze fluid, additives and inhibitors only if the manufacturer of these fluids or additives guarantees they are suitable for this use and cause no damage to the heat exchanger or other components and/or materials of the boiler unit and system. It is prohibited to use generic antifreeze fluid, additives or inhibitors that are not expressly suited for use in heating systems and compatible with the materials of the boiler unit and system.

Connection to a storage tank for domestic hot water production

The unit's electronic board is arranged for managing an external storage tank for domestic hot water production. Make the plumbing connections according to the diagram fig. 16. Carry out: electrical connections as shown in the wiring diagram in cap. 5.4. A probe FERROL must be used.

Carry out the access procedure described below.

"Service Menu"

The card Service Menu is accessed by pressing the Reset button for 10 seconds.

Press the Heating buttons to select "tS", "In", "Hi" or "rE". "tS" means Transparent Parameters Menu, "In" Information Menu, "Hi" History Menu, and "rE" History Menu Reset. Select "tS" and press the Reset button.

The card has **20 transparent parameters** also modifiable from Remote Control (Service Menu).

Press the Heating buttons to scroll the list of parameters in increasing or decreasing order. Press the DHW buttons to modify the value of a parameter: the change will be automatically saved.

Change parameter P02 of the "Transparent Parameters Menu" to **6**.

Press the Reset button to return to the Service Menu. Press the Reset button for 10 seconds to exit to the card Service Menu.

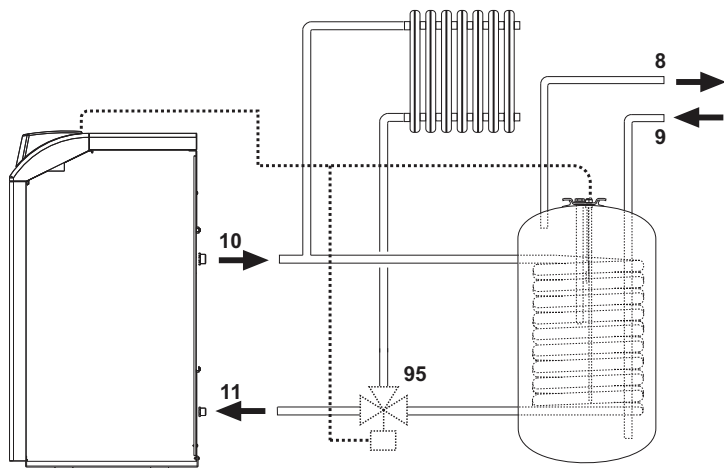


fig. 16 - Diagram of connection to external hot water tank

- Key
- 8 Domestic hot water outlet
 - 9 Domestic cold water inlet
 - 10 System delivery
 - 11 System return
 - 95 3-way valve - 2 wires with spring return (not provided)

3.4 Burner connection

The burner is equipped with flexible pipes and a filter for connection to the oil feed line. Run the flexible pipes out of the back and install the filter as indicated in fig. 17.

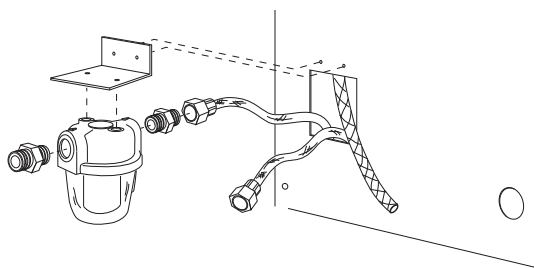


fig. 17 - Fuel filter installation

The oil feed circuit must be made according to one of the following diagrams, without exceeding the pipe lengths (LMAX) given in the table.

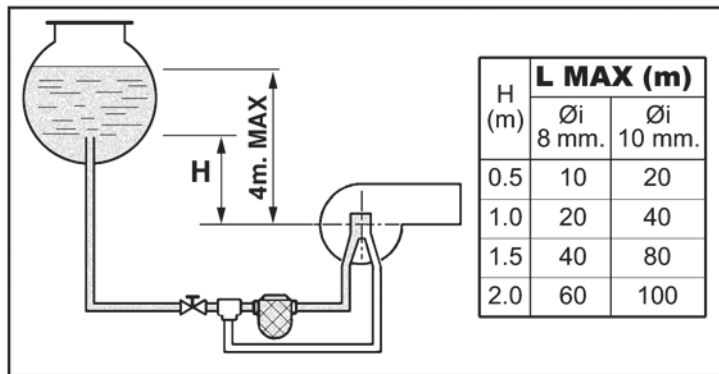


fig. 18 - Gravity feed

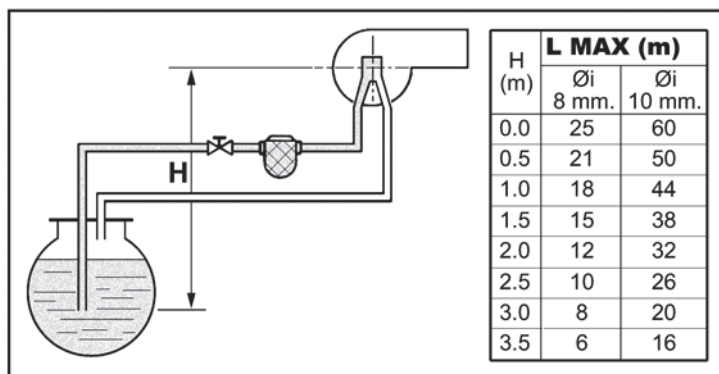


fig. 19 - Suction feed

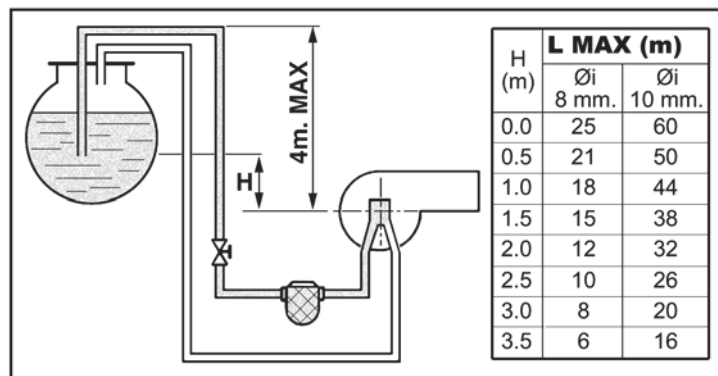


fig. 20 - Siphon feed

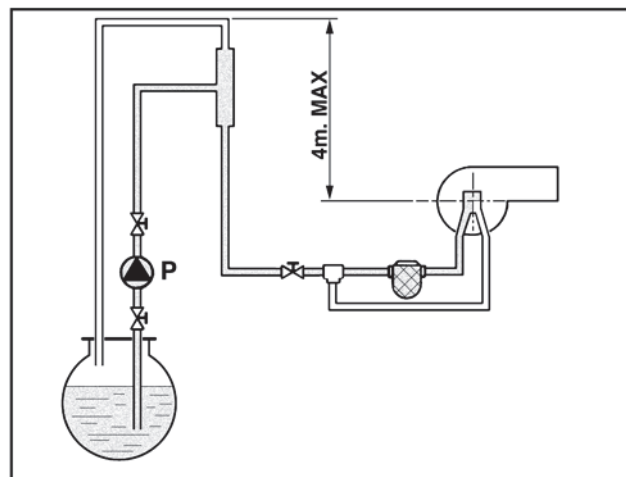


fig. 21 - Ring feed

3.5 Electrical connections

Connection to the electrical grid

! The unit's electrical safety is only guaranteed when correctly connected to an efficient earthing system executed according to current safety standards. Have the efficiency and suitability of the earthing system checked by professionally qualified personnel. The manufacturer is not responsible for any damage caused by failure to earth the system. Also make sure that the electrical system is adequate for the maximum power absorbed by the unit, as specified on the boiler dataplate.

The boiler is prewired and provided with a Y-cable and plug for connection to the electricity line. The connections to the grid must be made with a permanent connection and equipped with a bipolar switch whose contacts have a minimum opening of at least 3 mm, interposing fuses of max. 3A between the boiler and the line. It is important to respect the polarities (LINE: brown wire / NEUTRAL: blue wire / EARTH: yellow-green wire) in making connections to the electrical line. During installation or when changing the power cable, the earth wire must be left 2 cm longer than the others.

! The user must never change the unit's power cable. If the cable gets damaged, switch off the unit and have it changed solely by professionally qualified personnel. If changing the electric power cable, use solely "HAR H05 VV-F" 3x0.75 mm² cable with a maximum outside diameter of 8 mm.

Room thermostat (optional)

! IMPORTANT: THE ROOM THERMOSTAT MUST HAVE VOLTAGE-FREE CONTACTS. CONNECTING 230 V TO THE ROOM THERMOSTAT TERMINALS WILL PERMANENTLY DAMAGE THE ELECTRONIC BOARD.

When connecting time controls or a timer, do not take the power supply for these devices from their breaking contacts. Their power supply must be by means of direct connection from the mains or with batteries, depending on the kind of device.

Accessing the electrical terminal block

Undo the two screws "A" located on the top part of the control panel and remove the cover.

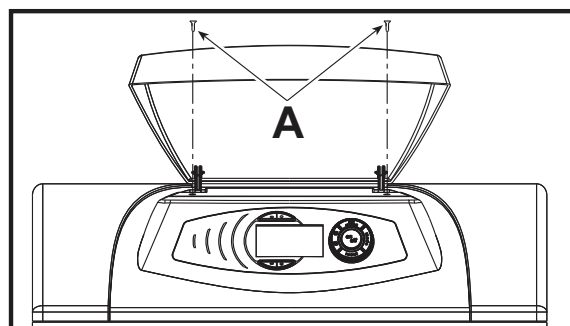


fig. 22 - Accessing the terminal board

3.6 Connection to the flue

The unit must be connected to a flue designed and built in compliance with current regulations. The pipe between the boiler and flue must be made from material suitable for the purpose, i.e. heat and corrosion resistant. Ensure the seal at the joints and insulate the entire pipe between boiler and flue, to prevent the formation of condensate.

4. SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE

All adjustment, conversion, startup and maintenance operations described below must only be carried out by Qualified Personnel (meeting the professional technical requirements prescribed by current regulations) such as those of the Local After-Sales Technical Service.

FERROLI declines any liability for damage and/or injury caused by unqualified and unauthorised persons tampering with the unit.

4.1 Adjustments

TEST mode activation

Press the heating buttons (details 3 and 4 - fig. 1) together for 5 seconds to activate the TEST mode. The boiler lights at maximum power.

The heating symbol (detail 24 - fig. 1) and DHW symbol (detail 12 - fig. 1) flash on the display.

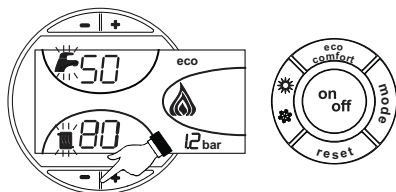


fig. 23 - TEST mode

To deactivate the TEST mode, repeat the activation sequence.

The TEST mode is automatically disabled in any case after 15 minutes.

Burner adjustment

The burner is factory-set as given in table 2. The burner can be set to a different output by adjusting the pump pressure, nozzle, head setting, or air setting as described in the following paragraphs. In any case, the new power setting must come within the boiler's nominal working range. After making any adjustments, use a combustion analyser to check that the CO₂ content in the fumes is between 11% and 12%.

Table 2 - Burner adjustment

Boiler model	Heating capacity kW	Burner model	Burner capacity kg/h	Nozzle			Pump pressure Bar	Head adjustment L	Air adjustment Notch
				US Gall/h	Angle	Code			
ATLAS D 30 UNIT	30.1	SUN G6 R	2.54	0.65	60°	35601320	10	22	11
ATLAS D 42 UNIT	36.4	SUN G6 R	3.07	0.85	60°	35601340	10	26	14

Oil nozzle flowrate table

The oil flow rates (in kg/h) according to the variation in pump pressure and nozzles are given in table 3.

N.B. - The values given below are approximate, since the nozzle deliveries can vary by ± 5%. Also, for burners with a preheater, the fuel flow rate decreases by approx. 10%.

Table 3

Pump pressure (bar)							
NOZZLE G.P.H.	9	10	11	12	13	14	
0.40	1.44	1.52	1.59	1.67	1.73	1.80	
0.50	1.80	1.90	1.99	2.08	2.17	2.25	
0.60	2.16	2.28	2.39	2.50	2.60	2.70	
0.65	2.34	2.47	2.59	2.71	2.82	2.92	
0.75	2.70	2.85	2.99	3.12	3.25	3.37	
0.85	3.06	3.23	3.39	3.54	3.68	3.82	
1.00	3.61	3.80	3.99	4.16	4.33	4.50	
1.10	3.97	4.18	4.38	4.58	4.77	4.95	
1.20	4.33	4.56	4.78	5.00			
1.25	4.50	4.75	5.00				
1.35	4.87	5.13					

Delivery at nozzle outlet in kg/h

Pump pressure adjustment

The pump pressure is factory-set for optimum operation and should not normally be changed. However, if special needs require setting a different pressure, after applying the pressure gauge and lighting the burner, turn the adjuster screw "6" shown in fig. 24. In any case, make sure to keep within the range of 10 - 14 bar.

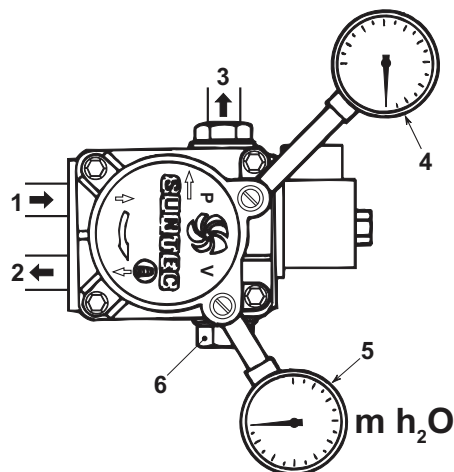


fig. 24 - Pump

- 1 - Inlet (suction)
- 2 - Return with internal bypass screw
- 3 - Outlet to nozzle
- 4 - Pressure gauge connection
- 5 - Vacuum gauge connection
- 6 - Adjustment screw

Head and air shutter

Adjust the head and air flow according to the burner power as indicated in fig. 25

Turn the head adjustment screw **B** (fig. 27) clockwise or anticlockwise until the notch on the rod **A** (fig. 27) coincides with the pointer.

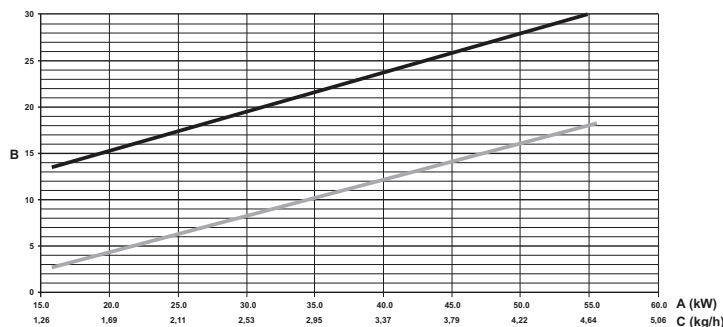


fig. 25 - Burner adjustments graph Prodotto_Gr1

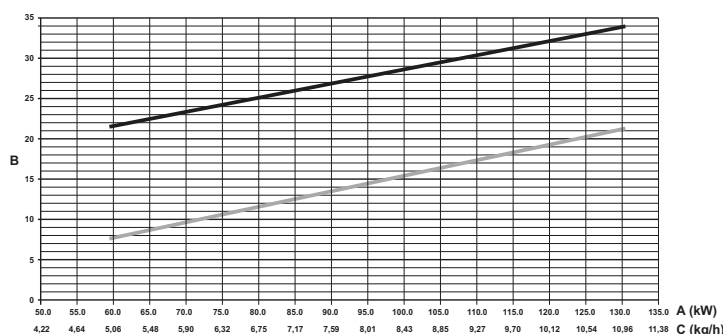


fig. 26 - SUN G10 burner adjustments graph

- A** Power
- B** Adjustment pointer
- C** Oil flow rate
- █ "L" head (mm)
- █ Air

To adjust the air delivery, turn the screw **C** (fig. 27) after loosening the nut **D**. After making the adjustment, tighten the nut **D**.

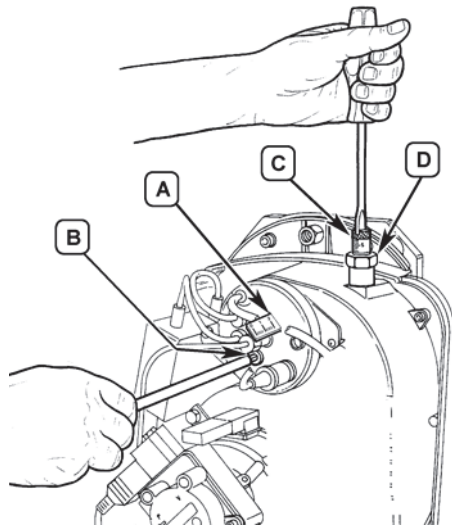


fig. 27 - Burner adjustment

Position of electrodes - baffle

After fitting the nozzle, check correct positioning of the electrodes and baffle, according to the values given below. It is advisable to check the values after every operation on the head.

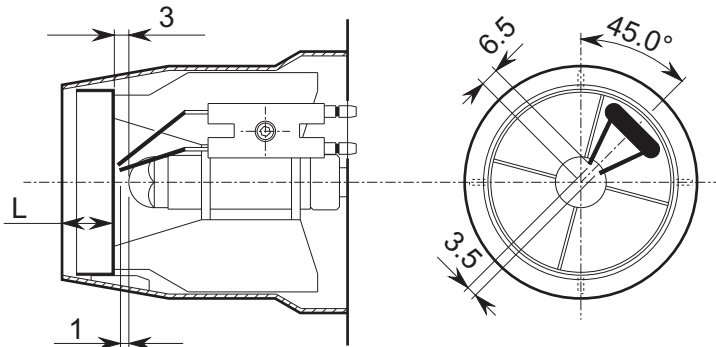


fig. 28 - Electrode - baffle position

4.2 Commissioning

Checks to be made at first lighting, and after all maintenance operations involving disconnection from the systems or an operation on safety devices or parts of the boiler:

Before lighting the boiler

- Open any on-off valves between the boiler and the systems.
- Check the tightness of the fuel system.
- Check the pre-filling of the expansion tank
- Fill the water system and make sure that all air contained in the boiler and the system has been vented by opening the air vent valve on the boiler and any vent valves on the system.
- Make sure there are no water leaks in the system, hot water circuits, connections or boiler.
- Make sure the electrical system is properly connected and the earth system works properly.
- Make sure there are no flammable liquids or materials in the immediate vicinity of the boiler.
- Fit the pressure gauge and the vacuum gauge on the pump (remove after starting) of the burner.
- open the gate valves along the diesel pipe

Start-up

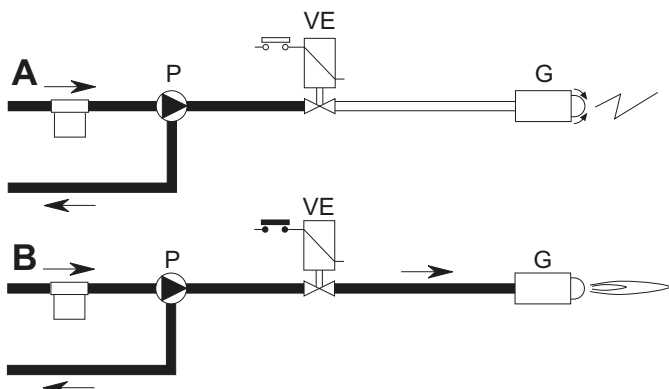


fig. 29 - Starting

A

When the thermostatic line closes, the burner motor starts turning together with the pump: all the oil sucked is sent to the return. The burner blower and the ignition transformer are also working, therefore the following stages are carried out:

- firebox prevention.
- prewash of a part of the oil circuit.
- preignition, with discharge between electrode tips.

B

At the end of prewash, the unit opens the electromagnetic valve: the oil reaches the nozzle, where it is finely sprayed.

Its contact with the discharge between the electrode tips creates the flame.

The safety time begins simultaneously.

Unit cycle

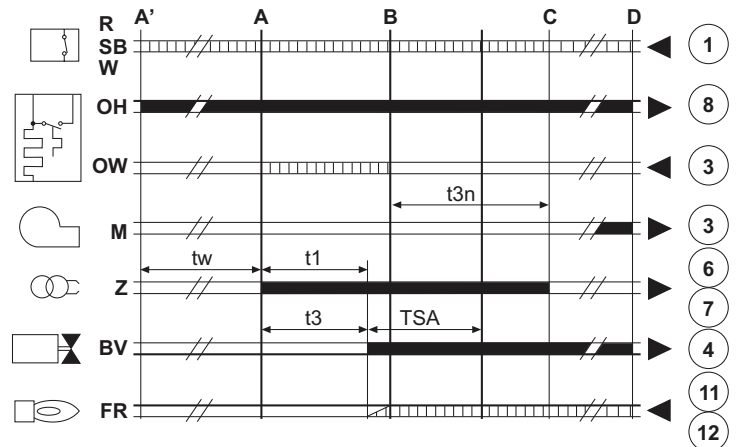


fig. 30 - Unit cycle

R-SB-W Thermostats/Pressure switches

- OH** Oil pre-heater
- OW** Operation enabling contact
- M** Burner motor
- Z** Ignition transformer
- BV** Electromagnetic valve
- FR** Photoresistance

- A'** Starting with pre-heater
- A** Starting without pre-heater
- B** Flame present
- C** Normal operation
- D** Adjustment stop (TA-TC)
- t1** Pre-ventilation time
- TSA** Safety time
- t3** Pre-ignition time
- t3n** Post-ignition time
- tw** Pre-heating time

- Output signals from the unit
- ▨ Necessary input signals

Checks during operation

- Ignite the appliance as described in sec. 2.3.
- Check that the fuel circuit and water systems are airtight.
- Check the efficiency of the flue and air-fume ducts while the boiler is working.
- Check that the water is circulating properly between the boiler and the systems.
- Check the proper ignition of the boiler by performing various tests, turning it on and off with the room thermostat or remote control.
- Check that the burner door and fume chamber are tight.
- Check that the burner works properly.
- Analyse the combustion (with the boiler unit stable) and check that the content of CO₂ in the fumes is between 11% and 12%.
- Check the parameters are programmed correctly and perform any required customization (compensation curve, power, temperatures, etc.).

4.3 Maintenance

Periodical check

To ensure correct operation of the unit over time, have qualified personnel carry out a yearly check, providing for the following:

- The control and safety devices must function correctly.
- The fume exhaust circuit must be perfectly efficient.
- Check there are no obstructions or dents in the fuel supply and return pipes.
- Clean the filter of the fuel suction line.
- Measure the correct fuel consumption
- Clean the combustion head in the fuel outlet zone, on the swirl disc.
- Leave the burner running at full rate for approximately ten minutes, then analyse the combustion, checking:
 - All the elements specified in this manual are set correctly
 - Temperatures of the fumes at the flue
 - CO2 percentage content
- The air-fume end piece and ducts must be free of obstructions and leaks
- The burner and exchanger must be clean and free of deposits. For possible cleaning do not use chemical products or wire brushes.
- The gas and water systems must be airtight.
- The water pressure in the cold water system must be approx. 1 bar; otherwise, bring it to that value.
- The circulating pump must not be blocked.
- The expansion tank must be filled.
- Check the magnesium anode and replace it if necessary.

The boiler casing, control panel and aesthetic parts can be cleaned with a soft and damp cloth, if necessary soaked in soapy water. Do not use any abrasive detergents and solvents.

Boiler cleaning

1. Disconnect the power supply to the boiler.
2. Remove the front top and bottom panel.
3. Open the door by undoing the knobs.
4. Clean the inside of the boiler and the entire path of exhaust fumes, using a tube brush or compressed air.
5. Then close the door, securing it with the knob.

To clean the burner, refer to the Manufacturer's instructions.

Burner disassembly

- Remove the casing (B) by undoing the screw (A) to access all the accessories.
- Undo the nut (C) and position the burner in order to access the nozzle.

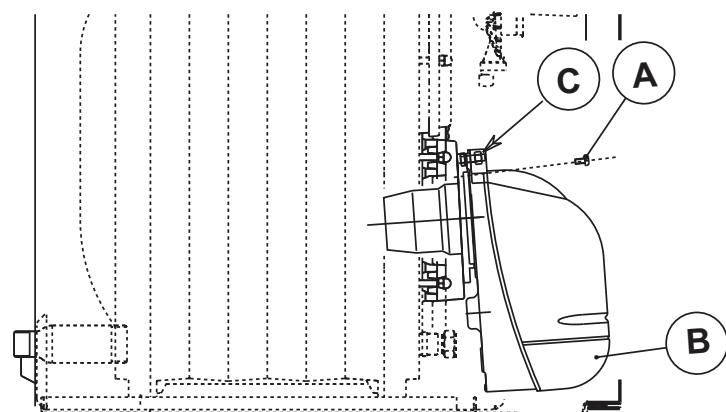


fig. 31 - Burner disassembly

4.4 Troubleshooting

Diagnostics

The boiler is equipped with an advanced self-diagnosis system. In case of a boiler fault, the display will flash together with the fault symbol (detail 22 - fig. 1) indicating the fault code.

There are faults that cause permanent shutdown (marked with the letter "A"): to restore operation, press the RESET button (detail 8 - fig. 1) for 1 second or RESET on the optional remote timer control if installed; if the boiler fails to restart, it is necessary to eliminate the fault indicated by the operation LEDs.

Faults marked with the letter "F" cause temporary shutdowns that are automatically reset as soon as the value returns within the boiler's normal working range.

Table. 4 - List of faults

Fault code	Fault	Possible cause	Cure
A01	Burner block	Pump blocked	Replace
		Faulty electric motor	Replace
		Faulty oil valve	Replace
		No fuel in tank, or water on bottom	Refill with fuel or suck the water
		Oil line supply valves closed	Open
		Dirty filters (line-pump-nozzle)	Clean
		Pump unprimed	Prime and find the cause of unpriming
		Ignition electrodes not properly adjusted, or dirty	Adjust or clean them
		Nozzle clogged, dirty or deformed	Replace
		Unsuitable head and shutter adjustments	Adjust
		Faulty electrodes or earthed	Replace
		Faulty ignition transformer	Replace
		Faulty electrode wires or earthed	Replace
		Electrode wires deformed by high temperature	Replace and protect
		Faulty valve or transformer electrical connections	Check
		Broken pump-motor joint	Replace
		Pump inlet connected to return pipe	Correct the connection
Faulty photoresistance	Replace		
Dirty photoresistance	Clean the photoresistance		
A02	Flame present signal with burner off	Photoresistance short circuit	Replace photoresistance
		Extraneous light strikes the photoresistance	Eliminate the light source
A03	Overtemperature protection activation	Heating sensor damaged	Check the correct positioning and operation of the heating sensor
		No water circulation in the system	Check the circulating pump
		Air in the system	Vent the system
A04	Card parameter fault	Wrong card parameter setting	Check the card parameter and modify it if necessary
F07	Preheater fault (the contact fails to close within 120 seconds)	Preheater fault	Check the preheater
		Wiring disconnected	Check the wiring
F09	Card parameter fault	Wrong card parameter setting	Check the card parameter and modify it if necessary
F10	Delivery sensor 1 fault	Sensor damaged	Check the wiring or replace the sensor
		Wiring shorted	
		Wiring disconnected	
F11	DHW sensor fault	Sensor damaged	Check the wiring or replace the sensor
		Wiring shorted	
		Wiring disconnected	
F12	Card parameter fault	Wrong card parameter setting	Check the card parameter and modify it if necessary
F14	Delivery sensor 2 fault	Sensor damaged	Check the wiring or replace the sensor
		Wiring shorted	
		Wiring disconnected	
F16	Card parameter fault	Wrong card parameter setting	Check the card parameter and modify it if necessary
F34	Supply voltage under 170V.	Electric mains trouble	Check the electrical system
F35	Faulty mains frequency	Electric mains trouble	Check the electrical system
F37	Incorrect system water pressure	Pressure too low	Fill the system
		Sensor damaged	Check the sensor
F39	External probe fault	Probe damaged or wiring shorted	Check the wiring or replace the sensor
		Probe disconnected after activating the sliding temperature	Reconnect the external probe or disable the sliding temperature
F40	Incorrect system water pressure	Pressure too high	Check the system
			Check the safety valve
			Check the expansion tank
A41	Sensor positioning	Delivery sensor not inserted in boiler shell	Check the correct positioning and operation of the heating sensor
F42	Heating sensor fault	Sensor damaged	Replace the sensor
F47	System water pressure sensor fault	Wiring disconnected	Check the wiring

5. TECHNICAL DATA AND CHARACTERISTICS

5.1 Dimensions, connections and main components

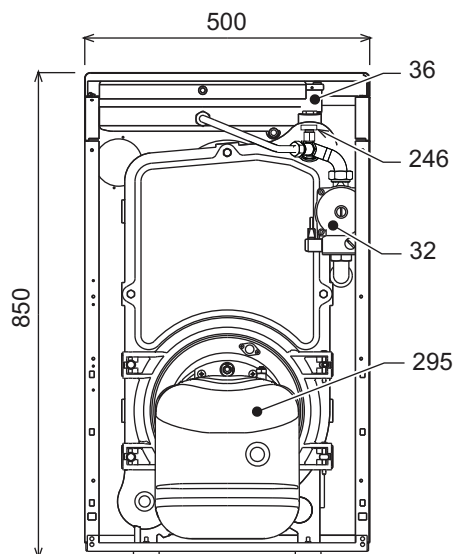


fig. 32 - Dimensions, connections and main components

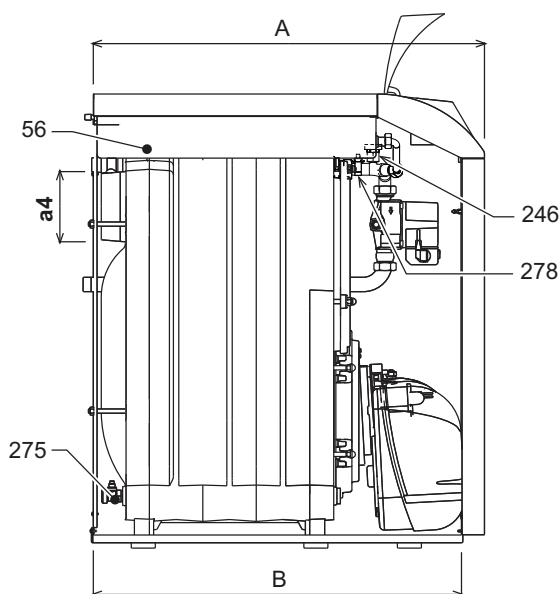


fig. 33

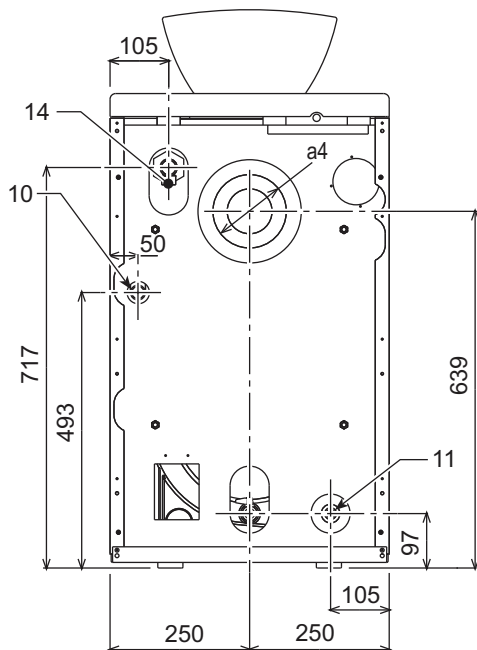


fig. 34

Table. 5

	A	B	a4
ATLAS D 30 UNIT	632	589	Ø 120 to 130
ATLAS D 42 UNIT	732	689	Ø 120 to 130

- 10 System delivery 3/4"
- 11 System return 1"
- 14 Heating safety valve
- 32 Heating circulating pump
- 36 Automatic air vent
- 56 Expansion tank
- 246 Pressure transducer
- 278 Double sensor (Heating + Safety)
- 275 Heating system drain cock
- 295 Burner

5.2 Pressure loss

Pressure loss on water side

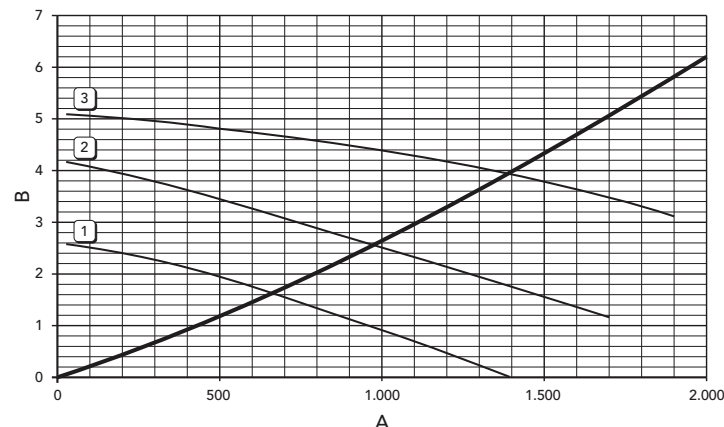


fig. 35 - Pressure losses

A = Flow rate m³/h
B = mbar

5.3 Technical data table

Data	Unit	ATLAS D 30 UNIT	ATLAS D 42 UNIT	
Number of elements	no.	3	4	
Max. heating capacity	kW	32.2	45	(Q)
Min. heating capacity	kW	16.9	31.8	(Q)
Max. heat output in heating	kW	30	42	(P)
Min. heat output in heating	kW	16	30	(P)
Efficiency Pmax (80-60°C)	%	93	93.3	
Efficiency 30%	%	94.6	94.1	
Efficiency class Directive 92/42 EEC		★ ★ ★		
Max. working pressure in heating	bar	6	6	(PMS)
Min. working pressure in heating	bar	0.8	0.8	
Max. heating temperature	°C	95	95	(tmax)
Heating water content	litres	18	23	
Heating expansion tank capacity	litres	10	12	
Heating expansion tank prefilling pressure	bar	1	1	
Protection rating	IP	X0D	X0D	
Power supply voltage	V/Hz	230/50	230/50	
Electrical power input	W	320	320	
Empty weight	kg	157	196	
Combustion chamber length	mm	350	450	
Combustion chamber diameter	mm	300	300	
Pressure loss fumes side	mbar	0.22	0.30	

5.4 Wiring diagram

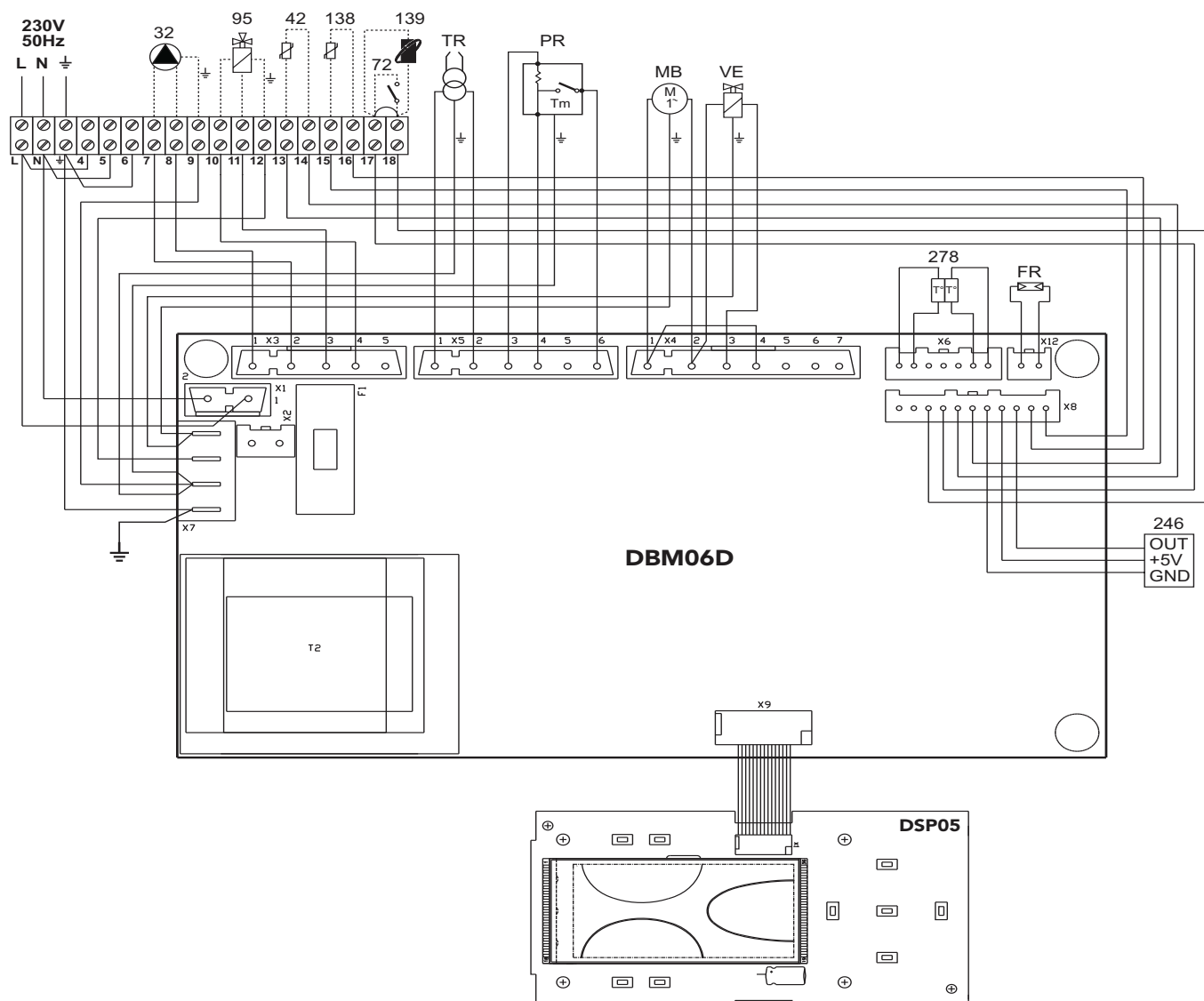


fig. 36 - Wiring diagram

- 32 Heating circulating pump
- 42 DHW temperature probe (optional)
- 72 Room thermostat (optional)
- 95 3-way valve - 2 wires with spring return (not provided)
- 138 External sensor (optional)
- 139 Room unit (optional)
- 246 Pressure transducer
- 278 Double sensor (Safety + Heating)
- TR Ignition transformer
- PR Pre-heater
- FR Photoresistor
- MB Burner motor
- VE Electromagnetic valve

IT

Dichiarazione di conformità

Il costruttore: FERROLI S.p.A.

Indirizzo: Via Ritonda 78/a 37047 San Bonifacio VR

dichiara che questo apparecchio è conforme alle seguenti direttive CEE:

- Direttiva Rendimenti 92/42
- Direttiva Bassa Tensione 2006/95
- Direttiva Compatibilità Elettromagnetica 2004/108

Presidente e Legale rappresentante

Cav. del Lavoro

Dante Feroli

**CE****ES**

Declaración de conformidad

El fabricante: FERROLI S.p.A.

Dirección: Via Ritonda 78/a 37047 San Bonifacio (Verona)

declara que este equipo satisface las siguientes directivas CEE:

- Directiva de Rendimientos 92/42
- Directiva de Baja Tensión 2006/95
- Directiva de Compatibilidad Electromagnética 2004/108

Presidente y representante legal

Caballero del Trabajo

Dante Feroli

**CE****TR**

Uygunluk beyanı

İmalatçı: FERROLI S.p.A.

Adres: Via Ritonda 78/a 37047 San Bonifacio VR

bu cihazın; aşağıda yer alan AET(EEC) yönergelerine uygunluk içinde olduğunu beyan etmektedir:

- 92/42 Randıman/Verimlilik Yönetmeliği
- Yönerge 2006/95
- 2004/108 Elektromanyetik Uygunluk Yönetmeliği

Baskan ve yasal temsilci

İş. Dep.

Dante Feroli

**CE****EN**

Declaration of conformity

Manufacturer: FERROLI S.p.A.

Address: Via Ritonda 78/a 37047 San Bonifacio VR Italy

declares that this unit complies with the following EU directives:

- Efficiency Directive 92/42
- Low Voltage Directive 2006/95
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108

President and Legal Representative

Cav. del Lavoro

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**CE**

The logo for Ferroli features the word "ferroli" in a bold, lowercase, sans-serif font. A grey, curved graphic element arches over the top of the letters "e" and "r".

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